

Forest Scorpion



OVERVIEW



- Ease of Care: Beginner
- Size: 10-20cm (4-8")
- Life Span: Up to 8 years depending on species
- Diet: Insects
- Temperament: Defensive
- Background Temp: 24-31°C (75-88°F) depending on species
- HOT Spot: Not required but the enclosure should have a warm side and a cooler side

TOP TIPS

- ✓ Provide a suitable background temperature or 24-31°C (75-88°F) to allow the Scorpion to function as normal.
- ✓ You may not see your Scorpion drink but always provide a fresh water source for when it chooses to.
- ✓ Place a piece of wet sponge or insect gel in the Scorpion's water dish to make it easier for the Scorpion to rehydrate.
- ✓ Ensure the enclosure is well ventilated.
- ✓ Use 5-8cms of substrate to provide a humid place for resting and to allow the Scorpion to burrow.

EQUIPMENT NEEDED



- Housing: Glass Terrarium
- Heating: If room temperature is below the recommended minimum, then a Heat-Mat should be used
- Lighting: Optional - LED Lighting (Light Cycle: 12 hours of light)
- Substrate: HabiStat Spider Substrate or Coir
- Water: Shallow Water Dish

HOUSING

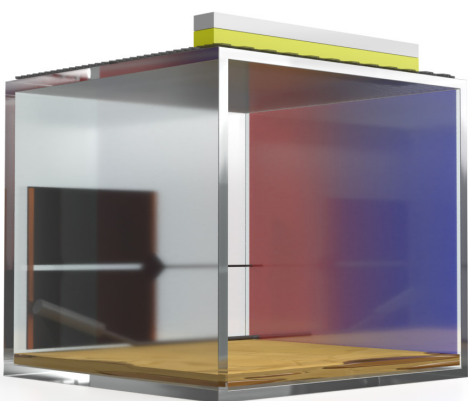


- The HabiStat Spider Starter Kit (HSSSKI) is not only a forever home for a few species, many Scorpions included – but it has all the needed equipment within.
- A relevant sized Glass Terrarium will be perfect for the Scorpion's whole life.
- HabiStat Glass Terrarium 30x30x32 (HGT3032)

ENVIRONMENT



Terrestrial Terrarium Setup



Heating

Originating from a warm environment, Forest Scorpions require a warm background temperature within their enclosure to help them flourish.

A heat mat run on a thermostat is the ideal solution

for providing heat if your room temperature requires such. The heat mat should be located on the outside of the enclosure, either on the back or one of the sides.

The heat mat should be used in conjunction with a heat mat thermostat.

Heat mat thermostats are designed to regulate temperatures using a thermostat probe (also known as a sensor). Correct placement of the probe is critical to avoid overheating and injury to the Scorpion. Insert the probe through the lid of the terrarium and tape directly to the inside of the enclosure adjacent to the heat mat. The probe cable should be taped 2-5cm (1-2") back from the actual probe sensor to allow for a correct temperature reading and avoid it becoming dislodged.

Temperature and Monitoring

As a rough guide, daytime and night- time temperatures should be between 24-31°C (75-88°F) with one side of the enclosure at 31°C (88°F) and the other side cooler at 24°C (75°F). Make sure temperatures are checked regularly to ensure that there are no extreme fluctuations.

Lighting

A LED Light should be used with these Scorpions to give them a day and night cycle. A nocturnal species, they should be provided with plenty of dark hiding areas to sleep away from the brightness of a LED Light

Substrates and Decoration

Personal choice will dictate how you decorate your Glass Terrarium, but we recommend the following as a guide:

- 1) Substrates: Scorpions can be housed on Spider Substrate or Coir with a depth of 5-8cms. These substrates will retain essential moisture, helping to maintain humidity levels. The scorpion will also be able to display its natural burrowing behaviour.
- 2) Wood and cork bark for climbing and hiding under.
- 3) Artificial or live plants for decoration and to provide darker areas for the Scorpion to hide away in if it chooses to.

DIET & WATER

Babies through to adults should be offered appropriately sized insects.

A Scorpion uses its pinchers to capture, kill and then hold its prey; they will sometimes use their stinger to inject a paralyzing neurotoxic venom if they cannot kill the prey item with their claws. A Scorpion's mouth is made up from small fang like structures which are extremely sharp; these mouth parts are used to slice off tiny pieces from its prey item to eat. Any uneaten parts of the Scorpion's prey should be removed from the enclosure to prevent mould.

A shallow source of fresh water must always be available for these Scorpions. You can also place a piece of wet sponge or insect gel in a shallow dish to allow the Scorpion to hydrate itself.

The substrate in the Scorpion's enclosure should be lightly misted every other day to ensure that the humidity is kept at around 75%; the substrate should be moist, but never wet.

SUPPLEMENTATION

Forest Scorpions do not need to receive additional supplementation to their diet.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Scorpions do not make the best pet when it comes to handling. Provided with the correct care they make a delightful species for viewing.

Scorpions are nocturnal, so are best viewed at night when they are most active.

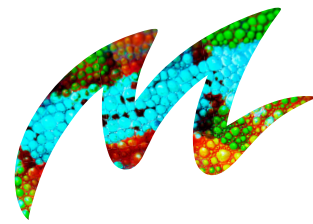
HEALTH & HYGIENE



We recommend the following cleaning routine to keep your Forest Scorpion healthy and happy:

	Water	Substrate	Enclosure
Daily	Change old water for fresh water	Spot clean	Check mesh on enclosure is not blocked and allows air to pass through freely
Weekly	Disinfect water bowl or dish	Agitate substrate to prevent any bacterial build up and to allow any dirty bedding to be removed	Wipe down glass and walls with a reptile safe disinfectant
Monthly		Full substrate change	Wipe down inside the enclosure and disinfect décor with a reptile safe disinfectant

Always wash your hands, surfaces and equipment with warm water and disinfectant immediately before and after handling or feeding your Forest Scorpion, their food, enclosure and any other equipment.



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